

Proposed Regulatory Text

Section 132.8, Title 14, CCR is amended as follows:

§ 132.8. Risk Assessment Mitigation Program: Commercial Dungeness Crab Fishery.

(a) The following definitions apply to this Section only:

(1) “Actionable Species” means Blue Whales, Humpback Whales, and Pacific Leatherback Sea Turtles.

(2) “Alternative Gear” means gear modifications and other gear innovations, including but not limited to ropeless gear, as authorized by the department pursuant to subdivision (h).

(3) “Close” or “closure” means the take and possession of Dungeness crab for commercial purposes is prohibited by the Director, unless use of Alternative Gear is authorized pursuant to subsections (e) and (h).

(4) “Confirmed Entanglements” means the following:

(A) “Confirmed Entanglement within California Commercial Dungeness Crab Gear” means a marine life entanglement of an Actionable Species in California Commercial Dungeness Crab Gear reported to the department from any location by NOAA. The reported information may include entangled species, gear marking, and a determination by NOAA regarding the severity of the entanglement and any subsequent disentanglement, if available.

(B) “Confirmed Entanglement within Unknown Fishing Gear” means a marine life entanglement of an Actionable Species in Unknown Fishing Gear reported to the department from Ocean Waters bounded by the California-Oregon border and the boundaries of the U.S. Exclusive Economic Zone adjacent to California by NOAA. The reported information may include entangled species, and a determination by NOAA regarding the severity of the entanglement and any subsequent disentanglement, if available.

(C) The department will provide relevant fishery information to NOAA to support entanglement investigation and response. The department will assign entanglements to the California commercial Dungeness crab fishery based on information provided by NOAA. Assignments will be made at least quarterly or when sufficient data are made available to evaluate the entanglements.

(D) An entanglement determined, either at time first reported or through NOAA final determination of injury or mortality (~~pursuant to subsection~~

~~(a)(9) below~~, to have occurred after the death of the Actionable Species will not be considered a Confirmed Entanglement.

~~(E) In the event a Confirmed Entanglement involves gear from multiple fisheries, and NOAA identifies the fishing gear resulting in the initial entanglement, the entanglement will be attributed to that fishery. If the fishery resulting in the initial entanglement cannot be determined, the entanglement will be attributed equally among the fisheries.~~

~~(5) “Fishing Grounds” means the area of the Fishing Zone between shore and 100 fathoms. The 100=fathom contour is defined by approximating a particular depth contour by connecting the appropriate set of waypoints adopted in Federal regulations and published in Title 50, Code of Federal Regulations Part 660, Section 660.73 (Revised December 12, 2018), incorporated by reference herein.~~

~~(6)(5) “Fishing Season” means any period of time in which it is lawful to deploy California Commercial Dungeness Crab gear, including presoak time periods under Fish and Game Code Section 8283, and any delays or early closures pursuant to this regulation, public health concerns under Fish and Game Code Section 5523, or quality testing under Fish and Game Code Section 8276.2.~~

~~(7)(6) “Fishing Zone” means Ocean Waters in any of the following areas that extend from zero to 200 nautical miles offshore (U.S. Exclusive Economic Zone).~~

~~(A) Zone 1: From the California/Oregon border (42° N. latitude) to Cape Mendocino (40° 10' N. latitude).~~

~~(B) Zone 2: From Cape Mendocino to the Sonoma/Mendocino county line (38° 46.125' N. latitude).~~

~~(C) Zone 3: From Sonoma/Mendocino county line to Pigeon Point (37° 11' N. latitude).~~

~~(D) Zone 4: From Pigeon Point to Lopez Point (36° N. latitude).~~

~~(E) Zone 5: From Lopez Point to Point Conception (34° 27' N. latitude).~~

~~(F) Zone 6: From Point Conception to the U.S./Mexico Border.~~

~~(G) Zone 7: “Pacific Leatherback Sea Turtle Foraging Area” from Point Arena (38° 57.5' N. latitude) to Point Pinos (36° 38.314' N. latitude).~~

~~(8)(7) “Fleet” means holders of valid California Dungeness Crab vessel permits.~~

~~(9) “Impact Score Calculation” means the sum of Impact Scores, which are values representing severity of injury caused by Confirmed Entanglements with California Commercial Dungeness Crab Gear or Confirmed Entanglements with Unknown Fishing Gear, as defined in subsection (a)(4) and referenced in subsection (c)(1)(A). The Impact Score is determined by evaluation of evidence~~

~~available to the department and will be revised if NOAA provides a final determination of injury or mortality pursuant to NMFS Policy Directive 02-238-04 Process for Injury Determinations (Issued January 27, 2012, renewed July 2014), incorporated by reference herein.~~

~~(10)(8) “Marine Life Concentrations” means measures of local abundance of Actionable Species (Humpback Whales, Blue Whales, and Pacific Leatherback Sea Turtles) within Fishing Grounds between Point Conception and the California/Oregon Border Fishing Zone(s) out to the 100-fathom contour as formed by connecting the appropriate set of waypoints adopted in Title 50, Code of Federal Regulations Part 660, Section 660.73 (Revised December 1, 2023), incorporated by reference herein.~~

~~(11)(9) “NOAA” means the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, and its constituent agencies, including the National Marine Fisheries Service (“NMFS”), employees, and staff.~~

~~(10) “Ocean Waters” means the open seas adjacent to the coast and islands and the waters of open or enclosed bays contiguous to the ocean, including the waters of Elkhorn Slough, west of Elkhorn Road between Castroville and Watsonville, the waters of San Francisco and San Pablo bays plus all their tidal bays, sloughs, estuaries, and tidal portions of their rivers and streams between the Golden Gate Bridge and the west Carquinez Bridge. For purposes of this section, waters downstream of the Trancas Bridge on the Napa River, downstream of the Highway 121 Bridge on Sonoma Creek, and downstream of the Payran Street Bridge on the Petaluma River are tidal portions of the Napa River, Sonoma Creek, and Petaluma River, respectively.~~

~~(12)(11) “Risk Assessment” means the assessment of risk for potential entanglement of Actionable Species with California commercial Dungeness crab gear by the Director.~~

~~(13)(12) “Unknown Fishing Gear” means gear not identifiable in origin to a specific fishery, unless available information indicates the gear is entirely inconsistent with that used in the California commercial Dungeness crab fishery. This definition excludes gear that is identifiable to non-fishery origins (e.g. mooring lines or research equipment including, but not limited to, weather buoys and navigational aids).~~

~~(14)(13) “Working Group” means the California Dungeness Crab Fishing Gear Working Group, established by the department, in partnership with the Ocean Protection Council and NOAA, on September 21, 2015, as defined by its most recent charter as it may be amended from time to time (www.opc.ca.gov/whale-entanglement-working-group/)(<https://wildlife.ca.gov/Conservation/Marine/Whale-Safe-Fisheries>).~~

(b) Risk Assessment Schedule: The Director shall conduct Risk Assessments as follows:

(1) The Director shall evaluate entanglement risk and need for management action as information becomes available, but at least monthly between ~~November 4~~ October 15 and June 30 or the close of the Fishing Season, whichever is earlier. Once a Fishing Zone is Closed for the Fishing Season, entanglement risk may no longer be evaluated for that zone.

(2) The Director will provide a minimum of ~~48~~24 hours-notice of anticipated Risk Assessment to the Working Group and to any person who is subscribed to the Whale Safe Fisheries email list serve (visit the Whale Safe Fisheries webpage to subscribe: <https://wildlife.ca.gov/Conservation/Marine/Whale-Safe-Fisheries>). The notification will also provide all non-confidential data under consideration by the department.

(3) For any Risk Assessment, and prior to taking a management action, the Director shall consider the most recently dated Working Group management recommendation.

~~(4) While the Fleet is operating under a management action pursuant to this section, the Director will perform an additional Risk Assessment when new information becomes available. If such Risk Assessment indicates that the triggers in subsection (c) are no longer met, or a different management response is more appropriate, the Director shall lift or modify any restrictions in a manner that promotes fair and orderly fisheries as determined on a case by case basis.~~

Duration of Management Action:

(A) Any management action imposed pursuant to this section will remain in place until additional data indicate that the triggers in subsection (c) are no longer met, or a different management response is more appropriate. All data will be evaluated at the next subsequent Risk Assessment. If data so indicate, the Director shall lift or modify any restrictions in a manner that promotes a fair and orderly fishery as determined on a case-by-case basis.

(B) A Fishing Zone that closes pursuant to this section will not reopen until the following Fishing Season except for the use of Alternative Gear as authorized pursuant to subsection (i).

(c) Triggers for Management Action: The Director shall restrict the take of commercial Dungeness crab as follows. If two or more triggers are attained for the same Fishing Zone, the more restrictive management action shall apply.

(1) Confirmed Entanglements as defined in subsection (a)(4) shall be evaluated during a ~~single Fishing Season, averaged over a three-year period beginning~~

~~with the 2021 calendar year (inclusive), on an ongoing basis and applied for each individual the Actionable Species as specified below.~~

~~(A) Impact Score:~~

~~1. For Humpback Whales:~~

~~a. A Confirmed Entanglement in California Commercial Dungeness Crab Gear shall be scored as 0.75, unless the animal is deceased, in which case it shall be scored as one (1).~~

~~b. A Confirmed Entanglement in Unknown Fishing Gear shall be scored as 0.38, unless the animal is deceased, in which case it shall be scored as 0.5.~~

~~2. For Blue Whales and Pacific Leatherback Sea Turtles:~~

~~a. A Confirmed Entanglement in California Commercial Dungeness Crab Gear shall be scored as one (1).~~

~~b. A Confirmed Entanglement in Unknown Fishing Gear shall be scored as 0.5.~~ Entanglement Evaluation:

1. A Confirmed Entanglement in California Commercial Dungeness Crab Gear shall be considered one (1) entanglement.

2. Before November 1, 2025, a Confirmed Entanglement in Unknown Fishing Gear shall be considered one-half (0.5) of a Confirmed Entanglement in California Commercial Dungeness Crab Gear.

3. Effective November 1, 2025, and before November 1, 2028, a Confirmed Entanglement in Unknown Fishing Gear shall be considered one-quarter (0.25) of a Confirmed Entanglement in California Commercial Dungeness Crab Gear.

4. Effective November 1, 2028, an entanglement in Unknown Fishing Gear shall not be considered as a Confirmed Entanglement in California Commercial Dungeness Crab Gear.

~~(B) Impact Score Calculation – Actions Taken During a Fishing Season: Mandatory Closure and Other Management Actions:~~

~~1. Humpback Whales: For each Confirmed Entanglement during a single Fishing Season, the Director shall implement a Fishing Zone closure, or other management action as described in subsection (e) that the Director demonstrates protects Humpback Whales based on best available science. If an Impact Score Calculation of three~~

~~(3) or more is reached, the Director will close the remainder of the Fishing Season statewide.~~

a. Following one (1) Confirmed Entanglement of a Humpback Whale in California Commercial Dungeness Crab Gear, the Director shall implement a Fishing Zone closure, or other management action as described in subsection (e) that the Director demonstrates protects the Actionable Species.

b. Following a total of three (3) or more Confirmed Entanglements of Humpback Whales in California Commercial Dungeness Crab Gear during a calendar year, the Director shall close the remainder of the Fishing Season statewide and the Fishing Season shall not open until January 1 of the next calendar year.

~~2. Blue Whales: For each Confirmed Entanglement during a single Fishing Season, the Director shall implement a Fishing Zone closure, or other management action as described in subsection (e) that the Director demonstrates protects Blue Whales based on best available science. Following one (1) Confirmed Entanglement of a Blue Whale in California Commercial Dungeness Crab Gear, the Director shall close the remainder of the Fishing Season statewide. For the next two calendar years the Fishing Season will close on April 1 statewide.~~

~~3. Pacific Leatherback Sea Turtles: For each Confirmed Entanglement during a single Fishing Season, the Director shall implement a Fishing Zone closure, or other management action as described in subsection (e) that the Director demonstrates protects Pacific Leatherback Sea Turtles based on best available science. Following one (1) Confirmed Entanglement of a Pacific Leatherback Sea Turtle in California Commercial Dungeness Crab Gear, the Director shall close the remainder of the Fishing Season in Fishing Zones 3 and 4. For the following nine calendar years the Fishing Season in Fishing Zones 3 and 4 shall not open until January 1 and shall close no later than June 1.~~

~~(C) Impact Score Calculation – Actions Taken During a Calendar Year:~~

~~1. Humpback Whales: For any Confirmed Entanglement that causes the average total annual Impact Score Calculation during the previous two calendar years and current calendar year to exceed two (2), the Director shall consult with NOAA and the~~

~~Working Group. After consultation, the Director shall implement a management action(s) described in subsection (e).~~

~~2. Blue Whales: For any Confirmed Entanglement that causes the average total annual Impact Score Calculation during the previous two calendar years and current calendar year to exceed one (1), the Director shall consult with NOAA and the Working Group. After consultation, the Director shall implement a management action(s) described in subsection (e).~~

~~3. Pacific Leatherback Sea Turtle: For any Confirmed Entanglement where the average total annual Impact Score Calculation during the previous two calendar years and current calendar year is greater than or equal to one (1), the Director shall consult with NOAA and the Working Group. After consultation, the Director shall implement a management action(s) described in subsection (e).~~

(2) Marine Life Concentrations: for the purposes of determining Marine Life Concentrations ~~in this subsection (e)(2)~~, the Director may only consider data for Actionable Species from current surveys and telemetry monitoring of Actionable Species designed, conducted, or approved by NOAA or the department as an indication of Marine Life Concentrations ~~in Fishing Zones~~ during the timeframes of November 1 until the Fishing Season opens statewide, and March 1 until the Fishing Season closes statewide. Surveys shall be conducted systematically across a full range of Fishing Zone depths out to the 100-fathom contour when weather and visibility conditions enable accurate detection of Actionable Species. ~~A survey is only current through the first Risk Assessment immediately following the survey.~~

(A) For the period of November 1 until the Fishing Season opens statewide:

1. If data are unavailable by November 1, the Fishing Season will be delayed in that Fishing Zone(s) until December 1.
2. If data are unavailable by December 1, the Fishing Season will be delayed in that Fishing Zone(s) until December 15.
3. If data are unavailable by December 15, the Fishing Season will be delayed in that Fishing Zone(s) until December 31.
4. If there are data to inform ~~marine life concentrations~~ Marine Life Concentrations under this subsection in each Fishing Zone(s), the following applies:

a. Humpback Whales – If the number of Humpback Whales is greater than or equal to 20, or there is a running average of five (5) or more animals over a one-week period within a single Fishing Zone (~~excluding Zone 7~~), the Director shall implement a Fishing Season delay or other management action as described in subsection (e) that the Director demonstrates protects Humpback Whales ~~based on best available science~~.

b. Blue Whales – If the number of Blue Whales is greater than or equal to three (3), or there is a running average of three (3) or more animals over a one-week period; within a single Fishing Zone (~~excluding Zone 7~~), the Director shall implement a Fishing Season delay or other management action as described in subsection (e) that the Director demonstrates protects ~~Blues~~Blue Whales ~~based on best available science~~.

c. Pacific Leatherback Sea Turtle – The Director shall not open any Fishing Zone containing a Pacific Leatherback Sea Turtle, unless the Director demonstrates other management action as described in subsection (e) protects Pacific Leatherback Sea Turtles ~~based on best available science~~.

(B) For the period of March 1 until Fishing Season closes statewide:

1. If data are unavailable by March 15 for each Fishing Zone, the Director shall implement a management action as described in subsection (e) for the Zone(s).

2. If there are data to inform ~~marine life concentrations~~ Marine Life Concentrations under this subsection in each Fishing Zone(s), the following applies:

a. Humpback Whales – If the number of Humpback Whales is greater than or equal to 10, or a running average of five (5) or more animals over a one-week period within in a single Fishing Zone (~~excluding Zone 7~~), the Director shall implement a Fishing Zone closure or other management action as described in subsection (e) that the Director demonstrates protects Humpback Whales ~~based on best available science~~.

b. Blue Whales – If the number of Blues Whales is greater than or equal to three (3), or there is a running average of three (3) or more animals over a one-week period within a

single Fishing Zone ~~(excluding Zone 7)~~, the Director shall implement a Fishing Zone closure or other management action as described in subsection (e) that the Director demonstrates protects Blue Whales ~~based on best available science~~.

c. Pacific Leatherback Sea Turtle – If the number of Pacific Leatherback Sea Turtles is ~~greater than or equal to one (1)~~ or greater within any Fishing Zone, the Director shall implement a Fishing Zone closure or other management action as described in subsection (e) that protects Pacific Leatherback Sea Turtles based on best available science.

(d) Management Considerations: The Director shall base decisions made under this section on best available science and relative effectiveness of management measures to minimize entanglement risk. In doing so, the Director will, to the maximum extent possible, rely on scientific information relevant to a management issue, such that any conclusions drawn are reasonably supported and not speculative, and publicly available. ~~The Director shall consider the following information to assess appropriate management action under subsection (e) if action under subsection (e) is specified by subsection (e):~~ When assessing management actions listed under subsection (e), the Director shall consider the following information:

(1) Working Group management action recommendation and best available science made available to the department related to considerations identified in this subsection.

(2) Information from NOAA.

~~(3) Effectiveness of management measures to minimize entanglement risk.~~

~~(4)~~(3) ~~If deciding between management measures that equivalently reduce entanglement risk, total~~ Total economic impact to the Fleet and fishing communities, with impacts anticipated to increase for delays in the fall and decline in the spring.

~~(5)~~(4) Data availability ~~within and~~ across, and outside Fishing Zones. Application of management measures can be limited to a Fishing Zone if data are available for that zone. If data are not available, historical data or data from an adjacent Fishing Zone or another adjacent area may be used.

~~(6)~~(5) Known historic and current marine life migration and concentration patterns. Entanglement risk is expected to decrease in the fall when Actionable Species are anticipated to leave the Fishing ~~Grounds~~ Zones. Conversely, entanglement risk is expected to increase in the spring when Actionable Species return.

~~(7)(6)~~ Fishing Season dynamics, including factors that impact the concentration or geographic location of fishing effort, amount of fishing gear deployed in a Fishing Zone, and season delays based on quality testing and/or public health closures or hazards.

~~(8)(7)~~ Known distribution and abundance of key forage (such as anchovy, krill or jellyfish concentrations) and their influence on Actionable Species' feeding behavior.

~~(9)(8)~~ Ocean conditions (including but not limited to temperature, upwelling, El Niño, La Niña, weather, currents) that influence presence and aggregation of marine life (such as habitat compression) and affect vessel operations.

~~(10)(9)~~ Current Impact Score Calculation within Fishing Season and calendar year. Number and accumulation pattern of Confirmed Entanglements, including for the current calendar year, current Fishing Season, prior calendar years, and prior fishing seasons.

~~(11)~~ Marine Life Concentrations and their spatial distribution over the course of the current Fishing Season as an indication of marine life migration into or out of Fishing Grounds and across Fishing Zones.

(e) Management Actions: When specified in subsection (c), and upon consideration of information outlined in subsection (d), the Director shall implement one or more of the following management action(s) due to risk of marine life entanglement:

~~(1) Fleet Advisory: If the level of risk is elevated and/or anticipated to increase but more restrictive management actions are not necessary, the Director may issue an advisory notice to the Fleet to employ voluntary efforts and/or measures to reduce the risk of entanglements (i.e., best fishing practices) and to avoid triggering additional management actions.~~

~~(2)(1)~~ Depth Constraint: The Director may use a depth constraint during the Fishing Season, within any or all Fishing Zone(s), where Dungeness crab may not be taken or possessed in waters within a specified depth range. "Depth" is defined by approximating a particular depth contour by connecting the appropriate set of waypoints adopted in Federal regulations and published in Title 50, Code of Federal Regulations Part 660, ~~sections~~ Section 660.71 (Revised March 1, 2023), 660.72 (Revised December 1, 2023), and through 660.73 (Revised December 12, 2018 December 1, 2023), incorporated by reference herein.

~~(2)~~ Surface Gear: The Director may prohibit the use of additional surface buoys, as described in subsection 132.6(a) of these regulations, and any surface line within any or all Fishing Zone(s) during the Fishing Season.

(3) Active Tending Requirement: The Director may shorten the maximum service interval to four (4) hours and the maximum distance from a Dungeness crab fishing vessel to any and all of its crab traps that are placed into Ocean Waters to two (2) miles during the Fishing Season for any Fishing Zone(s).

~~(3)~~(4) Vertical Line/Gear Reduction: The Director may decrease the number of vertical lines or amount of gear (e.g., number or percentage of traps) an individual permit holder can use such that there will be a reduction in the total number of lines in use. The Director will determine the reduction amount based on the most recent information provided pursuant to subsection (g). Gear reduction may occur statewide, or within any or all Fishing Zone(s). Buoy tags issued pursuant to Fish and Game Code Section 8276.5 shall be reduced consistent with a Director's declaration, and all unused buoy tags shall be onboard the permitted vessel and available for inspection by the department upon request.

~~(4)~~(5) Fishery Closure/Fishery Delay: The Director may prohibit the commercial take and possession of commercial take of Dungeness crab except with Alternative Gear or delay the opening of the commercial Dungeness crab season within any Fishing Zone(s)- as follows:

(A) Commercial Dungeness crab gear may not be placed or left inside a closed or delayed Fishing Zone.

(B) No Dungeness crab shall be taken, possessed, sold, or landed from any commercial fishing vessel in a closed or delayed Fishing Zone(s).

(C) It is unlawful to take, possess, sell, or land Dungeness crab taken from any closed waters or delayed Fishing Zone(s). However, Dungeness crab taken in open Fishing Zones and landed with an electronic fish ticket prior to the closure of such zone(s) may be possessed on land or sold on land by persons licensed pursuant to Fish and Game Code sections 8033, 8034, or 8035, provided that any live crab possessed pursuant to this subsection after the closure by such licensed persons shall be possessed for no longer than 240 hours after closure. After 240 hours, any crab possessed from zones that are closed shall be cooked or cooked and frozen pursuant to section 133 of these regulations.

~~(5)~~(6) Alternative Gear: During a closure Fishery Closure after the Fishing Season has opened occurring on April 1 or later, and upon authorization pursuant to subsection (h)(i), the Director shall allow the use of Alternative Gear within any closed Fishing Zone(s)- for the remainder of the Fishing Season as defined by Fish and Game Code Section 8276.

(f) Notification process for management actions taken in response to Risk Assessment. The Director shall comply with the following when ~~taking a management action(s)~~ implementing any management action pursuant to subsections (c) and (e).

(1) Management actions shall be transmitted via a Director's declaration. The declaration shall describe the following:

(A) Information supporting the determination of management action pursuant to subsection (c).

(B) Relevant management considerations from subsection (d).

(C) Rationale for nexus between management considerations in subsection (d) and any chosen management action under subsection (e).

(D) Duration of management action.

(E) Authorization of the Lost or Abandoned Dungeness Crab Trap Gear Retrieval Program described in Section 132.7 and/or Alternative Gear if applicable.

(2) The Director shall provide a minimum of 72 hours' notice to ensure a fair and orderly operation of the Fleet before implementing any management action regarding take of Dungeness crab.

(3) Notice of any management actions shall be communicated, at a minimum, via the "Whale Safe Fisheries" email list-serve and the department's "Whale Safe Fisheries" webpage (<https://wildlife.ca.gov/Conservation/Marine/Whale-Safe-Fisheries>). The department will request the U.S. Coast Guard issue a Broadcast Notice to Mariners via VHF/Channel 16.

(g) Mandatory Data Reporting Requirements

(1) Fishing Activity Reporting Requirement: ~~When participating in the California commercial Dungeness crab fishery, all vessels must submit bi-weekly reports that include permit number, current Fishing Zone, depth range, and number of traps deployed at the time of reporting. Reports shall be submitted on or before the first and 16th day of each month. At the conclusion of the Fishing Season the number of lost traps shall also be reported on the final bi-weekly report that is submitted to the department. All reports shall be submitted via email or text to Whalesafefisheries@wildlife.ca.gov. Every Dungeness crab permit holder shall submit reports regarding their fishing activities while their Dungeness crab gear, including Alternative Gear, are present or placed in any Fishing Zone for the purpose of commercially taking Dungeness crab. Permit holders shall continuously submit reports on or before the designated report dates until their fishing activities have ceased for the Fishing Season and all their Dungeness crab gear has been removed from all Fishing Zones. Designated report dates are the first and 16th day of each month. Reports shall be submitted via email or text~~

to Whalesafefisheries@wildlife.ca.gov, or on a form provided by the department. Each report shall document the following information regarding the permit holder's current fishing activity:

(A) Report date for which (B)-(F) applies

(B) Permit number

(C) Fishing Zone(s) where traps are deployed

(D) Depth range of traps deployed

(E) Number of traps deployed

(F) Number of newly lost traps, if any

(2) Two weeks after the submission of their final report of the Fishing Season, each Dungeness crab permit holder shall report the cumulative number of traps lost during the Fishing Season and the serial sequence number of the biennial buoy tag issued pursuant to subsection 132.1(b) of these regulations attached to each lost trap. Reports shall be submitted via email or text to Whalesafefisheries@wildlife.ca.gov, or on a form provided by the department.

~~(2)~~(3) Electronic Monitoring:

~~(A) When operating under a depth constraint or when using Alternative Gear pursuant to subsection (e), all vessels must have an operational electronic monitoring system affixed to their vessel and must be recording location while engaged in any fishing activity for commercial Dungeness crab. Electronic monitoring systems must be capable of tracking and recording vessel location using GPS coordinates at a frequency of no less than once a minute during fishing operations. Electronic monitoring data shall be made available to the department or authorized agent upon request for the duration of the fishing period and 60 days thereafter.~~

~~(B)~~(A) By the 2023-24 Fishing Season, all vessels will be required to carry an electronic monitoring device that is capable of tracking and recording vessel location using GPS coordinates at a frequency of no less than once a minute during fishing operations when participating in the California commercial Dungeness crab fishery. Every Dungeness crab permit holder shall ensure that their vessel has a satellite or cellular based electronic monitoring system designed to monitor location and movement of vessels using global positioning system (GPS) coordinates installed onboard. The system shall accurately track and record a vessel's location at a frequency of no less than once a minute during an entire fishing trip when the vessel possesses Dungeness crab or Dungeness crab trap onboard, when the vessel owner/operator has Dungeness crab gear present or placed in any Fishing Zone, or when the vessel is otherwise participating in the

California commercial Dungeness crab fishery. Data Vessel location data shall be uploaded automatically and made available to the department or an authorized agent within 7224-hours of request.

(B) It is unlawful to tamper with equipment or interrupt data collection or transmission. Every vessel owner/operator shall ensure that their system is functioning normally at all times when in possession of Dungeness crab or Dungeness crab trap, when the vessel owner/operator has Dungeness crab gear present or placed in any Fishing Zone, or when otherwise participating in the California commercial Dungeness crab fishery.

(C) Whenever regular data transmission is interrupted, or the vessel owner/operator is notified by the department that data are otherwise not being received, the vessel shall return to port immediately until regular data transmission resumes. The vessel's owner shall also immediately notify the department's law enforcement division of the interruption at LEDMarineNotifications@wildlife.ca.gov.

~~(3) Alternative Gear Reporting Requirement: Any permit holder using Alternative Gear is required to submit an annual report summarizing pounds of crab harvested with Alternative Gear, amount and location of gear deployed, and amount and location of lost gear. The report shall be submitted within 30 days of the close of the Fishing Season to Whalesafefisheries@wildlife.ca.gov.~~

(4) All information collected pursuant to this subsection (g) shall remain confidential to the extent permitted by law. Insofar as possible, the information shall be compiled or published as summaries, so as not to disclose the individual record or business of any person.

(h) Dungeness Crab Fishing Gear Identification

(1) Main Buoy. Notwithstanding requirements set forth in Fish and Game Code Section 9006, starting November 1, 2024:

(A) Every main buoy and trailer buoy of all Dungeness crab fishing gear, as defined under subsection 132.6(a) of these regulations, shall be marked with the identification letter "D" as follows:

1. Identification letters shall be at least three (3) inches in height and drawn with a line no less than one-quarter (0.25) inch thick.

2. Buoys that are four (4) inches in diameter or greater shall have identification letters marked on four opposing sides.

3. Buoys that are smaller than four (4) inches in diameter shall have identification letters marked on two opposing sides.

(B) Every main buoy shall be marked with the operator's commercial fishing license identification number. All identification numbers shall be at least one and one-half (1.5) inches in height, drawn with a line no less than one-quarter (0.25) inch thick, and marked in front of one of the identification letters.

(C) All identification numbers and identification letters shall be clearly and distinctly marked, and in a color that contrasts with the buoy; the numbers and letters shall be applied and maintained so that they are visible and legible at all times.

(2) Line Marking. Dual-colored lines of purple and black shall be used to mark all Commercial Dungeness crab fishing gear as follows:

(A) The purple and black colors shall be clearly visible and applied using only the following methods:

1. Painted in alternating solid color mark of 6-12 inches in length and cover the entirety (circumference) of the line; painted lines shall be regularly serviced and maintained in a condition to readily identify the line marking scheme of purple and black; or

2. Applied during the manufacturing process by the manufacturer of the line; the line shall be three strands; two strands shall be purple and one strand shall be black.

(B) Effective November 1, 2025, any portion of a line that connects two buoys on all Dungeness crab fishing gear shall be continuously marked pursuant to subsection (h)(2)(A).

(C) Effective November 1, 2028:

1. When fishing in depths greater than 20 fathoms, the top 15 fathoms of the line connecting the main buoy to the crab trap and any portion of a line that connects two buoys on every fishing gear shall be continuously marked pursuant to subsection (h)(2)(A); and

2. When fishing at the 20-fathom depth and shallower but deeper than 5 fathom depth, the entire length of all lines on all fishing gear shall be continuously marked pursuant to subsection (h)(2)(A), with the exception of the bottom 5 fathoms of the line closest to the trap.

3. When fishing at the 5-fathom depth and shallower, the entire length of all lines on all fishing gear shall be continuously marked pursuant to subsection (h)(2)(A).

(h)(i) Alternative Gear:

(1) Authorization

(A) Upon written request, the department shall authorize Alternative Gear types for use to take Dungeness crab for commercial purposes as allowed pursuant to this section.

(B) The department shall authorize Alternative Gear that meets the following criteria:

1. ~~Detectability~~ Detectable: detectability by the department, fishermen and public, including description how location of Alternative Gear is available visually or virtually, equipment specifications including costs, and any required specialized equipment or training to deploy, operate, or detect the gear. The Alternative Gear must be detectable to prevent fishing in closed areas. If “ropeless,” the gear must be used with software that enables department law enforcement and other fishing vessels within 1/4 mile of the gear to identify the location of the gear at all times when it is deployed.

2. ~~Retrievability~~ Retrievable: means of retrieval, including description of release mechanism, equipment and any specialized training needed to deploy and/or retrieve Alternative Gear, description of safeguards and procedures to minimize gear loss and ghost gear, with gear loss rates of no more than 10%. Gear must include a back-up release capability so it will surface in the event of an equipment failure and must include a gear recovery plan if the gear does not rise to the surface.

3. ~~Ability to Identify~~ Identifiable: means of Alternative Gear identification, including the method or description of the mechanism required for the department to identify Alternative Gear to permit holder both remotely when submerged, and at the surface.

4. ~~Benefit~~ Beneficial: evidence Alternative Gear reduces risk-~~or severity~~ of entanglement.

5. ~~Enforceability~~ Enforceable: including means by which department law enforcement can find and retrieve the Alternative Gear at sea and costs of any necessary equipment and/or training. Department law enforcement must be able to retrieve and redeploy the gear.

(C) Written requests for Alternative Gear authorization shall be submitted to the department at WhaleSafeFisheries@wildlife.ca.gov. Written requests shall contain the following information:

1. Name, address, and contact information of requestor; and, if applicable, name, address, and contact information of Alternative Gear manufacturer.
2. Detailed description of each component of the Alternative Gear and how it operates.
3. Alternative Gear research trial results, including (i) the number, depth and location of trials; (ii) gear loss rates of no more than 10%, and (iii) description of the ocean conditions during trials.
4. Documentation of how the Alternative Gear performs to meet the criteria outlined in subsection (h)(1)(B) above.
5. Description of an Alternative Gear recovery plan in the event retrieval is unsuccessful.
6. Description of gear retrieval system required by department law enforcement to retrieve and deploy gear.
7. Signed statement verifying all information provided is accurate.

(D) Alternative Gear authorization may also be constrained by one or more of the following limitations when required by the department to meet criteria specified in subsection (i)(1)(B):

1. Limited to a Fishing Zone.
2. Limited to a specified depth.
3. Limited to a maximum number of traps.
4. Notification requirements prior to deployment of gear.
5. Other conditions necessary to ensure compliance with the requirements of this section as determined by the department.

(D)(E) The department may decline to authorize Alternative Gear in writing within 60 days of receipt of the written request on the following considerations, upon review of a written request: for any of the following reasons:

1. Written request is incomplete because it does not contain the information required under ~~(h)(1)(C)~~, (i)(1)(C) or does not include details sufficient for the department to determine whether the proposed Alternative Gear meets criteria set forth in subsection ~~(h)(1)(B)~~, (i)(1)(B).
2. As described by the requestor, the gear does not meet criteria set forth in subsection ~~(h)(1)(B)~~, (i)(1)(B).

3. Gear retrieval equipment or technology is cost prohibitive to the department.

4. Gear does not comply with other applicable Federal, State or local laws or regulations.

5. Gear relies on technology that is proprietary and not routinely available to the department or public.

(2) Deauthorization: The department may deauthorize Alternative Gear on a case-by-case basis if that equipment no longer meets the criteria listed in ~~(h)(1)(B)~~ (i)(1)(B). If deauthorization occurs during the Fishing Season, the Fleet will be notified by the department in the manner described in (f)(3) and will have 8 days to remove Alternative Gear from ~~Fishing Grounds~~ every Fishing Zone or by the end of the season, whichever occurs first.

(3) The department shall keep a current list of all authorized Alternative Gear on its Whale Safe Fisheries webpage (<https://wildlife.ca.gov/Conservation/Marine/Whale-Safe-Fisheries>). The list shall include any conditions on use of the Alternative Gear pursuant to subsection (i)(1)(D).

(j) It is unlawful to violate any restriction or fail to comply with any requirement imposed by this regulation, including but not limited to any restrictions or requirements included as part of any management action implemented by the Director via declaration, conditions on the use of Alternative Gear, and reporting and monitoring requirements.

NOTE: Authority cited: Section 8276.1, Fish and Game Code.

Reference: Sections 8276, 8276.1, 8276.5, 9002.5 and 9008, Fish and Game Code.